# **MARIJUANA SAFETY**

# **KEEPING CHILDREN SAFE**

Always Keep All Cannabis\*\*
Products, especially edibles,
Safely Out of Reach of
Children: If you worry a child
or anyone else may have
ingested marijuana
accidentally or is having
an adverse reaction to a
marijuana product, call the
Poison Helpline.

The THC in today's marijuana is much higher. Some products are up to 90% THC.

**POISON HELP LINE** (800) 222-1222

#### **EDIBLES**

Cannabis edibles can be very high in psychoactive THC, which can be toxic & dangerous to anyone.

#### SECONDHAND SMOKE

Marijuana smoke contains many of the same chemicals as tobacco smoke. Avoid exposure, especially for children & pregnant women. Furthermore, protect children from 3rd hand exposure to *cannabis pollens* during cultivation & manufacturing, which can attach to skin and clothing.

### **MARIJUANA USE DURING PREGNANCY**

Cannabis use by mothers during pregnancy has been linked to low birth weight, neural tube defects, problems with attention, memory, problem-solving skills & behavior problems in children.\*

CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL cdc.gov/marijuana/health-effects

 $^{**}$  Marijuana & cannabis have the same meaning in this publication

#### **ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES**

Can be used to deliver odorless marijuana products, along with other toxic substances in flavoring agents. Lock all electronic smoking devices & fluids/cartridges & keep away from children like all poisons.

#### MARIJUANA IS ADDICTIVE

Teens who start using cannabis before the age of 18 have 1 in 6 chance of chemical dependence (Cannabis Use Disorder) & risk increases with daily use. Adults have a 1 in 10 rate of risk of Cannabis Use Disorder.\*

#### **RISKS FOR TEENS**

Cannabis use as a teen may reduce attention, memory,

& learning functions. Cannabis use can affect how the brain builds connections between the areas necessary for these functions.\*

## **MENTAL HEALTH**

RAISING PLACER

THC, the psychoactive chemical in marijuana, may also put someone at risk of mental illness; especially if there is a family history of mental illness.\*

FOR MORE INFO: RaisingPlacer.org

Updated 12/1/2017

# **Proposition 64 Update**

Important insights for families and community members to be aware of:

- It is illegal to provide marijuana to minors under the age of 21 for non-medical purposes.
- Adults over 18 selling or giving to a minor is still a felony.
- While adults 21 and older can possess marijuana, it is still illegal to smoke/consume in public places, unless it is allowed by a local ordinance.
- Marijuana cannot be smoked in places where state law already prohibits tobacco smoking, including restaurants and theaters.
- Possession of marijuana is never allowed on school grounds or day cares, and that includes school parking lots.
- It's important to be aware that people cannot consume marijuana or possess an open container of marijuana while driving or even riding as a passenger in a motor vehicle.

In response to California passing Proposition 64 in the November 2016 election, Placer County has updated local regulations with a new Placer County Code after months of public meetings, research and public input. For updated info. go to ww.placer.ca.gov/cannabis

Some of the Placer County key code elements are as follows:

- 1. A maximum of 6 plants, not to exceed 50 square feet are allowed by parcel.
- 2. Cultivation is only allowed on parcels that have a legal residence on them.
- 3. Cultivation may be done indoors in either a residence or a secure accessory structure.
- 4. Cultivation may be done outdoors with a 100' setback from property lines, 600' setback from schools, churches, and "youth oriented facilities," and closer to the grower's house than any neighbor's.
- 5. All commercial activities are prohibited.
- 6. Enforcement penalties will be accomplished through an Administrative Civil Penalty process involving a hearing officer. Fines of up to \$1,000/plant are authorized.
- 7. Enforcement lead will be County Code Enforcement with help from the Sheriff's Department.